print("===========WELCOME TO QUIZ GAME============")

print("INSTRUCTION: The quiz game has 3 levels Easy, Medium Hard.")

print("==========================================================")

print("If ever you failed or losses in the particular level you cannot play in the next level.")

print("=======================================================================================")

print("REMINDER: Every level you finished.It will state how many percent You've got based on your score.")

print("=================================================================================================")

print("Easy and Medium only have 3 questions,if you get 2 correct answers each level,You Passed")

print("========================================================================================")

print("Hard has 5 questions,if you get 4 correct answers,You Passed")

print("============================================================")

player=input("ENTER PLAYER NAME:")

print("WELCOME USER:", player)

score=0

while True:

print("================YOU ARE NOW ON THE EASY MODE.================")

print("================THE QUIZ GAME WILL NOW BEGIN.================")

q1=input("""

1.What does the equality operator do?

A.It checks if a string is equal to other string.

B.It checks if a string is greater than another

>>> """).upper()

if q1=="A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

score=score+1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF",score)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q2=input("""

2.Which of these is the equality operator

A. =

B. ==

>>> """).upper()

if q2=="B":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

score=score+1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF",score)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q3=input("""

3.Identify the modulo operator.

A.%

B.#

>>> """).upper()

if q3=="A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

score=score+1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF",score)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

print("TOTAL POINTS GAIN IS:",score)

if score<2:

print("REMARKS: FAILED")

print("YOU CANNOT MOVE TO NEXT LEVEL")

p = (score /3) \* 100

print(format(p, '.1f'))

playAg = input("""Do you want to play again Y/N?

>>>""").upper()

if playAg == "Y":

pass

else:

print("Thankyou for playing our game!")

break

else:

p = (score /3) \*100

print(format(p,'.2f'))

print("REMARKS: PASSED")

print("NEXT LEVEL")

print("""

YOU ARE NOW ON THE MEDIUM MODE.THE QUIZ WILL NOW BEGIN""")

point = 0

q1 = input("""

1.What are usually used in creating a more than a line

A.THREE QUOTATION

B.TWO QUOTATION

>>> """).upper()

if q1 == "A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER")

point = point + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF", point)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q2 = input("""

2.What is the purpose of variable in coding?

A. It helps perform calculations and store data.

B. Used to store information to be referenced and manipulated in a computer program

>>> """).upper()

if q2 == "B":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

point = point + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF", point)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q3 = input("""

3.What is the purpose of else statement?

A. An alternative statement that is executed if the result of a previous test condition evaluates to false

B. Let your program know whether or not is should execute a block of code

>>> """).upper()

if q3 == "A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

point = point + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", point)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

print("THE TOTAL POINTS GAIN IS:", point)

if point <2:

print("REMARKS: FAILED")

print("YOU CANNOT MOVE TO NEXT LEVEL")

me = (point / 3) \* 100

print(format(me, '.1f'))

playAg = input("""Do you want to play again Y/N?

>>>""").upper()

if playAg == "Y":

pass

else:

print("Thankyou for playing our game!")

break

else:

me = (point/3) \* 100

print(format(me, '.2f'))

print("REMARKS: PASSED")

print("NEXT LEVEL")

print("""

YOU ARE NOW ON HARD MODE.THE QUIZ GAME WILL NOW BEGIN""")

correct = 0

q1 = input("""

1. What is the correct way to increment a value of 1 in phyton?

A. num == num % 1

B. num+=1

>>> """).upper()

if q1 == "B":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

correct = correct + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", correct)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q2 = input("""

2.How do you create a variable with the numeric number of 5

A. X=5

B. X=Input(5)

>>> """).upper()

if q2 == "A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER!")

correct = correct + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", correct)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q3 = input("""

3.What is the extension of phyton file?

A. Pyt

B. Py

>>> """).upper()

if q3 == "B":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER")

correct = correct + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", correct)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q4 = input("""

4.How do you start writing an if statement in phyton?

A. If x>y:

B. If x>y then:

>>> """).upper()

if q4 == "A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER")

correct = correct + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", correct)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

q5 = input("""

5.What is the reason of the while loop that the loop might NOT EVER run?

A. When the condition is tested and the result is false,

the result is false,the loop body will be skipped and the statement after the while loop is executed.

B. The group iterates while the condition is true.

>>> """).upper()

if q5 == "A":

print("YOU GOT THE CORRECT ANSWER")

correct = correct + 1

print("YOU HAVE NOW A SCORE OF:", correct)

else:

print("WRONG ANSWER!")

print("THE TOTAL POINTS IS:", correct)

if correct <=3:

print("REMARKS: FAILED")

hd = (correct/ 5) \* 100

print(format(hd, '.1f'))

print("HOWEVER,YOU DID A GOOD JOB")

print(hd)

break

else:

hd = (correct / 5) \* 100

print(format(hd, '.2f'))

print("REMARKS: PASSED",)

a = score + point

b = a + correct

print(hd)

print("CONGRATULATIONS! YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE QUIZ GAME FROM THE THREE LEVEL HAVING A TOTAL SCORES OF",b)

playAg = input("""Do you want to play again Y/N?

>>> """).upper()

if playAg == "Y":

score-=score

pass

else:

print("Thankyou for playing our game!")

break